### CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Adams County, Colorado

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	7
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	22
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	24
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	26



Board of Directors Cundall Farms Metropolitan District Adams County, Colorado

#### Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Cundall Farms Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Cundall Farms Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplemental Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### <u>Supplementary Information</u>

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in our report. The other information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Denver, Colorado

Wippei LLP

September 12, 2024



#### CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 452,097				
Cash and Investments - Restricted	486,850				
Accounts Receivable	7,252				
Receivable from County Treasurer	4,889				
Prepaid Expenses	450				
Property Taxes Receivable	796,101				
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	239,515				
Total Assets	1,987,154				
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	35,286				
Loan Interest Payable	31,924				
Prepaid Operations Fees	18,040				
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year	272,000				
Due in More Than One Year	12,938,000				
Total Liabilities	13,295,250				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property Tax Revenue	796,101				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	796,101				
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(42,484)				
Restricted For:					
Emergency Reserves	14,300				
Debt Service	6,937				
Unrestricted	(12,082,950)				
Total Net Position	\$ (12,104,197)				

#### CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

					Program I	Revenues			(Exp C	Revenues benses) and hange in et Position
	Exp	enses		Charges for Services	Oper Grant Contrib	s and	Cap Grant Contrib	s and		vernmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Government Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$	393,722 400,395	\$	213,668	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	(180,054) (400,395)
Total Government Activities	\$	794,117	\$	213,668	\$		\$			(580,449)
	GENERAL REVENUES  Property Taxes  Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Other Revenue  Total General Revenues								864,471 60,193 45,361 6,268 976,293	
	CHANC	GE IN NET	POSIT	ION						395,844
	Net Pos	sition - Begi	inning o	of Year						12,500,041)
	NET PO	OSITION - I	END O	F YEAR					\$ (	12,104,197)

## CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS	General	Special evenue		Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable Receivable from County Treasurer Prepaid Expenses Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 391,213 7,600 - 1,245 450 203,991	\$ 60,884 6,700 7,252	\$	472,550 - 3,644 - 592,110	\$	452,097 486,850 7,252 4,889 450 796,101
Total Assets	\$ 604,499	\$ 74,836	\$	1,068,304	\$	1,747,639
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Prepaid Operations Fees Total Liabilities	\$ 10,523 - 10,523	\$ 24,763 18,040 42,803	\$	-	\$	35,286 18,040 53,326
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 203,991 203,991	 		592,110 592,110		796,101 796,101
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable Restricted: Emergency Reserves	450 7,600	- 6,700		-		450 14,300
Debt Service Committed: Operations Fees Unassigned Total Fund Balances	381,935 389,985	 25,333 - 32,033	_	476,194		476,194 25,333 381,935 898,212
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 604,499	\$ 74,836	\$	1,068,304		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Capital assets are reported as assets on the statement of net position but are recorded as expenditures in the funds.  Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation						239,515
Long-term liabilities, including loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Loans Payable						(13,210,000)
Loan Interest Payable						(31,924)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(12,104,197)

## CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	(	General		Special Revenue	Debt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES					_		_
Property Taxes	\$	220,078	\$	-	\$ 644,393	\$	864,471
Specific Ownership Taxes		15,324		-	44,869		60,193
Interest Income		17,217		2,509	25,635		45,361
Operations Fee - Recurring		-		204,168	-		204,168
Operations Fee - Transfer		=		9,500	=		9,500
Other Revenue		-		5,268	-		5,268
Insurance Proceeds		=		1,000	-		1,000
Total Revenues		252,619		222,445	714,897		1,189,961
EXPENDITURES							
General, Administrative, and Operations:							
Accounting		30,000		-	-		30,000
Audit		5,400		-	-		5,400
County Treasurer's Fees		3,305		-	9,676		12,981
Election		1,666		-	-		1,666
Insurance		9,930		24,093	-		34,023
Dues		356		-	-		356
Legal		38,471		1,859	-		40,330
Website		1,236		-	-		1,236
Basketball Court Maintenance		-		58,136	-		58,136
Community Activities		-		15,712	-		15,712
District Management - Contract		-		19,656	-		19,656
District Management - Costs		-		3,168	-		3,168
Electric		-		4,237	-		4,237
Grounds Maintenance		-		30,086	-		30,086
Holiday Lighting		-		4,770	-		4,770
Irrigation Repairs and Improvements		-		15,324	-		15,324
Landscape Maintenance - Contract		-		75,370	-		75,370
Landscape Replacements		-		18,189	-		18,189
Miscellaneous		-		25	-		25
Snow Removal		-		3,926	-		3,926
Water		-		74,736	-		74,736
Debt Service:							
Loan Interest 2021A-1		-		-	380,915		380,915
Loan Interest 2021A-2		-		-	10,498		10,498
Loan Principal 2021A-1		-		-	280,000		280,000
Loan Principal 2021A-2				<u> </u>	7,000		7,000
Total Expenditures		90,364		349,287	688,089		1,127,740
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		162,255		(126,842)	26,808		62,221
		102,200		(120,042)	20,000		02,221
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers from Other Fund		-		46,000	-		46,000
Transfers to Other Fund		(46,000)		=	<u>-</u>		(46,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(46,000)		46,000			-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		116,255		(80,842)	26,808		62,221
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		273,730	_	112,875	449,386	_	835,991
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	389,985	\$	32,033	\$ 476,194	\$	898,212

## CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	62,221
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of any cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.		
Capital Outlay Depreciation		54,600 (8,671)
		(0,071)
Long-term debt (e.g., loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:		
Loan Principal Payments	:	287,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Current year's changes in liabilities are as follows:		
Accrued Interest on Loans - Change in Liability		694

395,844

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

# CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amount					Variance - Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		gative)
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	220,302	\$	220,302	\$	220,078	\$	(224)
Specific Ownership Taxes		15,421		15,347		15,324		(23)
Interest Income		5,000		16,000		17,217		1,217
Total Revenues		240,723		251,649		252,619		970
EXPENDITURES								
Accounting		30,000		30,000		30,000		-
Audit		5,500		5,400		5,400		-
County Treasurer's Fees		3,305		3,305		3,305		-
Election		5,000		1,666		1,666		-
Dues		550		356		356		-
Insurance		9,000		9,930		9,930		-
Legal		35,000		40,000		38,471		1,529
Miscellaneous		645		2,843		-		2,843
Website		1,000		1,500		1,236		264
Total Expenditures		90,000		95,000		90,364		4,636
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		150,723		156,649		162,255		5,606
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers to Other Fund		(20,000)		(47,000)		(46,000)		1,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(20,000)		(47,000)		(46,000)		1,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		130,723		109,649		116,255		6,606
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		281,992		273,730		273,730		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	412,715	\$	383,379	\$	389,985	\$	6,606

# CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	а	Original nd Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance - Positive egative)
REVENUES	Φ.	004.400	Φ.	004.400	Φ.	
Operations Fee - Recurring	\$	204,168	\$	204,168	\$	(0.500)
Operations Fee - Transfer		13,000		9,500		(3,500)
Other Revenue		35,000		5,268		(29,732)
Interest Income		4,000		2,509		(1,491)
Insurance Proceeds		- 050 400		1,000		1,000
Total Revenues		256,168		222,445		(33,723)
EXPENDITURES						
Basketball Court Maintenance		60,000		58,136		1,864
Community Activities		15,000		15,712		(712)
District Management - Contract		19,656		19,656		-
District Management - Costs		5,000		3,168		1,832
Electric		4,500		4,237		263
Grounds Maintenance		20,000		30,086		(10,086)
Holiday Lighting		4,000		4,770		(770)
Insurance		20,000		24,093		(4,093)
Irrigation Repairs and Improvements		25,000		15,324		9,676
Landscape Maintenance - Contract		75,370		75,370		, -
Landscape Replacements		, -		18,189		(18,189)
Legal		13,000		1,859		11,141
Miscellaneous		4,474		25		4,449
Playground Inspection and Repair		2,000		-		2,000
Snow Removal		25,000		3,926		21,074
Tract Regrade		26,000		-		26,000
Water		70,000		74,736		(4,736)
Total Expenditures		389,000		349,287		39,713
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(132,832)		(126,842)		5,990
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from Other Fund		20,000		46,000		26,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		20,000		46,000		26,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(112,832)		(80,842)		31,990
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		157,618		112,875		(44,743)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	44,786	\$	32,033	\$	(12,753)

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Cundall Farms Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by Order and Decree of the District Court for the County of Adams, Colorado on December 16, 2009, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District is located within the boundaries of the city of Thornton, Colorado.

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitation, street, safety protection, park and recreation, transportation, fire protection, security, television relay and translation, and mosquito control.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements that provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Redemption of bonds is recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, specific ownership taxes and operations fees. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for the operations fees billed and collected from the homeowners of the District and expenses paid to cover landscaping and maintenance costs of the District.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ending December 31, 2023.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### **Operations Fees**

The District charges an operations fee to homeowners to cover costs related to district management and maintenance of district property and facilities. Excess fees at year-end are reflected as committed fund balance.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets that were conveyed to other governmental entities have been removed from the District's books and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Parks and Recreation 30 Years Basketball Court Improvements 10 Years

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 452,097
Cash and Investments - Restricted	486,850
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 938,947

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 571,638
Investments	367,309
Total	\$ 938,947

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had a bank and carrying balance of \$571,638.

#### **Investments**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity		Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average	<u> </u>	
	Under 60 Days	\$	367,309

#### **CSAFE**

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operates similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE CASH FUND may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **CSAFE (Continued)**

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in property for the period ended December 31, 2023, follows:

	_	ealance - ember 31, 2022	Additions		Deletions / Reclassifications		_	alance - ember 31, 2023
Governmental Type Activities								
Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated:								
Parks and Recreation	\$	219,156	\$	-	\$	-	\$	219,156
Basketball Court Improvements		-		54,600				54,600
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated		219,156		54,600		-		273,756
Less Accumulated								
Depreciation for:								
Parks and Recreation		(25,570)		(7,306)		-		(32,876)
Basketball Court Improvements		_		(1,365)		-		(1,365)
Total Accumulated								( , /
Depreciation		(25,570)		(8,671)		-		(34,241)
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated		193,586		45,929				239,515
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	193,586	\$	45,929	\$	-	\$	239,515

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	D	Balance - ecember 31, 2022	Additions	Re	etirements	D	Balance - ecember 31, 2023	Due Within One Year	
G.O. Refunding Loan - Series 2021A-1 G.O. Improvement Loan -	\$	13,135,000	\$ -	\$	280,000	\$	12,855,000	\$	265,000
Series 2021A-2		362,000	 		7,000		355,000		7,000
Total	\$	13,497,000	\$ -	\$	287,000	\$	13,210,000	\$	272,000

## \$13,600,000 Series 2021A-1 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Loan; \$380,000 Series 2021A-2 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Loan

On May 18, 2021, the District entered into a Loan Agreement with BBVA Mortgage Corporation in connection with the issuance of Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible To Unlimited Tax) Refunding Loan, Series 2021A-1 (Series 2021A-1 Loan) and General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible To Unlimited Tax) Improvement Loan, Series 2021A-2 (Series 2021A-2 Loan).

The Series 2021A-1 Loan (\$13,600,000) bears taxable interest rate of 3.67% (through September 16, 2022) and tax-exempt interest rate of 2.90% (after September 16, 2022), with interest payments calculated based on a 360-day year and the actual days elapsed in each period made on June 1 and December 1 of each year, and principal payments on December 1 of each year. Proceeds were used for the purposes of cancelling the District's Series 2017 Bonds, providing an initial deposit to the Reserve Fund, and paying the costs of issuance.

The Series 2021A-1 Loan is secured by Pledged Revenue defined as property and specific ownership taxes generated from the Required Mill levy not to exceed 50.000 and all other legally available moneys which the District has determined to be Pledged Revenue. The Series 2021A-1 Loan is further secured by the Reserve Requirement of \$425,838.

The Series 2021A-1 Loan will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest			Total		
2024	\$	265,000	_	\$ 372,795		_	\$	637,795	
2025		270,000			365,110			635,110	
2026		295,000			357,280			652,280	
2027		300,000			348,725			648,725	
2028		325,000			340,025			665,025	
2029-2033		1,850,000			1,550,775			3,400,775	
2034-2038		1,990,000			1,263,385			3,253,385	
2039-2043		2,240,000			974,255			3,214,255	
2044-2048		3,035,000			605,230			3,640,230	
2049-2051		2,285,000			135,575			2,420,575	
Total	\$	12,855,000	_	\$	6,313,155	_	\$	19,168,155	

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$13,600,000 Series 2021A-1 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Loan; \$380,000 Series 2021A-2 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Loan (Continued)

The Series 2021A-2 Loan (\$380,000) bears an interest rate of 2.90%, with interest payments calculated based on a 360-day year and the actual days elapsed in each period made on June 1 and December 1 of each year, and principal payments on December 1 of each year. Proceeds were used for the purposes of repaying the Developer, providing an initial deposit to the Reserve Fund, and paying the costs of issuance.

The Series 2021A-2 Loan is secured by Pledged Revenue defined as property and specific ownership taxes generated from the Required Mill levy not to exceed 50.000 and all other legally available moneys which the District has determined to be Pledged Revenue. The Series 2021A-2 Loan is further secured by the Reserve Requirement of \$11,495.

The Series 2021A-2 Loan will mature as follows:

		G	ies				
Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal		nterest		Total	
2024	\$	\$ 7,000		10,295	\$	17,295	
2025		8,000		10,092		18,092	
2026		8,000		9,860		17,860	
2027		8,000		9,628		17,628	
2028		9,000		9,396		18,396	
2029-2033		51,000		42,862		93,862	
2034-2038		55,000		34,916		89,916	
2039-2043		62,000		26,912		88,912	
2044-2048		84,000		16,704		100,704	
2049-2051		63,000		3,712		66,712	
Total	\$	355,000	\$	174,377	\$	529,377	

#### **Debt Authorization**

On November 3, 2009, the District's voters authorized total indebtedness of \$125,000,000 for public improvements, \$5,000,000 for operations and maintenance, \$20,000,000 each for intergovernmental and private agreements, and \$20,000,000 for refunding of debt. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the total debt that the District shall be permitted to issue shall not exceed \$20,000,000. The maximum debt mill levy is 50.000 mills, as adjusted for changes in the assessment ratio, which resulted in an increase to 55.664 mills, and shall not be imposed for longer than 40 years from the first year the debt service mill levy is imposed unless a refunding of debt has been voted upon. The final year to impose a debt service mill levy is 2054.

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Debt Authorization (Continued)**

At December 31, 2023, the District had authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts for the following purposes:

	1	Authorized November 3, 009 Election	Authorization Used Series 2014		Authorization Used Series 2016		Authorization Used Series 2017		Authorization Used Series 2021A-1		Authorization Used Series 2021A-2		Remaining at December 31, 2023	
Otros etc			\$		_		_ 0		_	les 202 IA- I			•	
Streets	ъ	20,000,000	\$	3,192,000	\$	736,000	ъ	1,071,000	\$	-	\$	380,000	\$	14,621,000
Parks and Recreation		20,000,000		307,000		70,000		102,000		-		-		19,521,000
Water		20,000,000		643,000		148,000		215,000		-		-		18,994,000
Sanitation/Storm Sewer		20,000,000		2,693,000		621,000		904,000		-		-		15,782,000
Transportation		5,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		5,000,000
Mosquito Control		5,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		5,000,000
Safety Protection		20,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		20,000,000
Fire Protection		5,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		5,000,000
Television and Relay		5,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		5,000,000
Security		5,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		5,000,000
Operations and Maintenance		5,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		5,000,000
Refunding of Debt		20,000,000		-		-		9,720,000		1,663,000		-		8,617,000
Governmental IGA's		20,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		20,000,000
Private IGA's		20,000,000										-		20,000,000
Total	\$	190,000,000	\$	6,835,000	\$	1,575,000	\$	12,012,000	\$	1,663,000	\$	380,000	\$	167,535,000

At the time of issuance, the Series 2021A-1 Loan exceeded the original principal amount of the cancelled Series 2017 Bonds by \$1,663,000, which amount has been authorized as refunding of debt. The total principal amount of the Series 2021A-2 Loan has been authorized as streets improvements.

#### NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2023, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

	Go	vernmentai
		Activities
Capital Assets, Net	\$	239,515
Outstanding Long-Term Debt Applicable to Capital Assets		(291,655)
Unspent Loan Proceeds (Reserves)		9,656
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	(42,484)

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### NOTE 6 NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

The District's restricted net position as of December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	(	Governmental Activities				
Restricted Net Position:			_			
Emergency Reserve	\$	\$ 14,300				
Debt Service		6,937				
	9	\$ 21,237				

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount was a result of the District being responsible for the financing and repayment of debt obligations related to the construction of public improvements conveyed to other governmental entities.

#### NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

#### <u>Intergovernmental Agreement with the City of Thornton</u>

On June 7, 2012, the Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) was made and entered into, between the District and the City of Thornton. The IGA defines and clarifies the services that the District may provide, as well as those services that the District is prohibited from providing. The IGA defines and clarifies the limits on revenue sources for the District. Under the IGA, the District shall not exercise its city sales and use tax exemption.

#### NOTE 8 TRANSFERS

The District transferred from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund to cover the related expenses paid out of the Special Revenue Fund.

#### NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, §24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, workers' compensation, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members.

#### NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Any excess funds that the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 3, 2009, the District's voters approved for an annual increase in taxes of \$5,000,000 for general operations and maintenance without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	а	Original nd Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	645,050	\$ 644,393	\$	(657)	
Specific Ownership Taxes		45,154	44,869		(285)	
Interest Income		6,000	25,635		19,635	
Total Revenues		696,204	714,897		18,693	
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		9,676	9,676		-	
Contingency		3,911	-		3,911	
Loan Interest 2021A-1		380,915	380,915		-	
Loan Interest 2021A-2		10,498	10,498		_	
Loan Principal 2021A-1		280,000	280,000		-	
Loan Principal 2021A-2		7,000	7,000		_	
Paying Agent Fees		8,000	-		8,000	
Total Expenditures		700,000	688,089		11,911	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,796)	26,808		30,604	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		444,259	449,386		5,127	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	440,463	\$ 476,194	\$	35,731	

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

#### CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2023

\$13,600,000

Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt)
General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to
Unlimited Tax) Refunding Loan
Series 2021A-1, Dated May 18, 2021

Interest Rate of 3.67% (Taxable) & 2.90% (Tax-Exempt)

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the	iii.c	Interest Due June 1 and December 1 Principal Due December 1								
Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal		Interest		Total				
2024	\$	265,000	\$	372,795	\$	637,795				
2025		270,000		365,110		635,110				
2026		295,000		357,280		652,280				
2027		300,000		348,725		648,725				
2028		325,000		340,025		665,025				
2029		335,000		330,600		665,600				
2030		355,000		320,885		675,885				
2031		365,000		310,590		675,590				
2032		390,000		300,005		690,005				
2033		405,000		288,695		693,695				
2034		430,000		276,950		706,950				
2035		440,000		264,480		704,480				
2036		400,000		251,720		651,720				
2037		345,000		240,120		585,120				
2038		375,000		230,115		605,115				
2039		390,000		219,240		609,240				
2040		425,000		207,930		632,930				
2041		445,000		195,605		640,605				
2042		480,000		182,700		662,700				
2043		500,000		168,780		668,780				
2044		545,000		154,280		699,280				
2045		565,000		138,475		703,475				
2046		610,000		122,090		732,090				
2047		635,000		104,400		739,400				
2048		680,000		85,985		765,985				
2049		710,000		66,265		776,265				
2050		760,000		45,675		805,675				
2051		815,000		23,635		838,635				
Total	\$	12,855,000	\$	6,313,155	\$	19,168,155				

#### **CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT** SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

\$380,000

General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Improvement Loan Series 2021A-2 Dated May 18, 2021 Interest Rate of 2.90%

Bonds and	Interest Due June 1 and December 1								
Interest Maturing in the		Principal Due December							
Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal		nterest		Total			
2024	\$	7,000	\$	10,295	\$	17,295			
2025		8,000		10,092		18,092			
2026		8,000		9,860		17,860			
2027		8,000		9,628		17,628			
2028		9,000		9,396		18,396			
2029		9,000		9,135		18,135			
2030		10,000		8,874		18,874			
2031		10,000		8,584		18,584			
2032		11,000		8,294		19,294			
2033		11,000		7,975		18,975			
2034		12,000		7,656		19,656			
2035		12,000		7,308		19,308			
2036		11,000		6,960		17,960			
2037		10,000		6,641		16,641			
2038		10,000		6,351		16,351			
2039		11,000		6,061		17,061			
2040		12,000		5,742		17,742			
2041		12,000		5,394		17,394			
2042		13,000		5,046		18,046			
2043		14,000		4,669		18,669			
2044		15,000		4,263		19,263			
2045		16,000		3,828		19,828			
2046		17,000		3,364		20,364			
2047		17,000		2,871		19,871			
2048		19,000		2,378		21,378			
2049		20,000		1,827		21,827			
2050		21,000		1,247		22,247			
2051		22,000		638		22,638			
Total	\$	355,000	\$	174,377	\$	529,377			

## CUNDALL FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Percentage Year Ended Year Property Mills Levied **Total Property Taxes** Collected December 31, Tax Levy General Debt Service Levied Collected to Levied 2019 \$ 10,766,290 11.055 55.277 \$ 714,149 \$ 714,149 100.00% 2020 13,664,050 11.133 55.664 912,718 910,542 99.76 2021 13,661,040 11.133 55.664 912,516 901,745 98.82 2022 13,963,020 16.133 45.238 856,925 856,924 100.00 13,655,330 2023 16.133 47.238 865,352 864,471 99.90 Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2024 \$ 16,803,180 12.140 35.238 796,101 \$

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.